

The eGaN[®] FET
Journey Continues

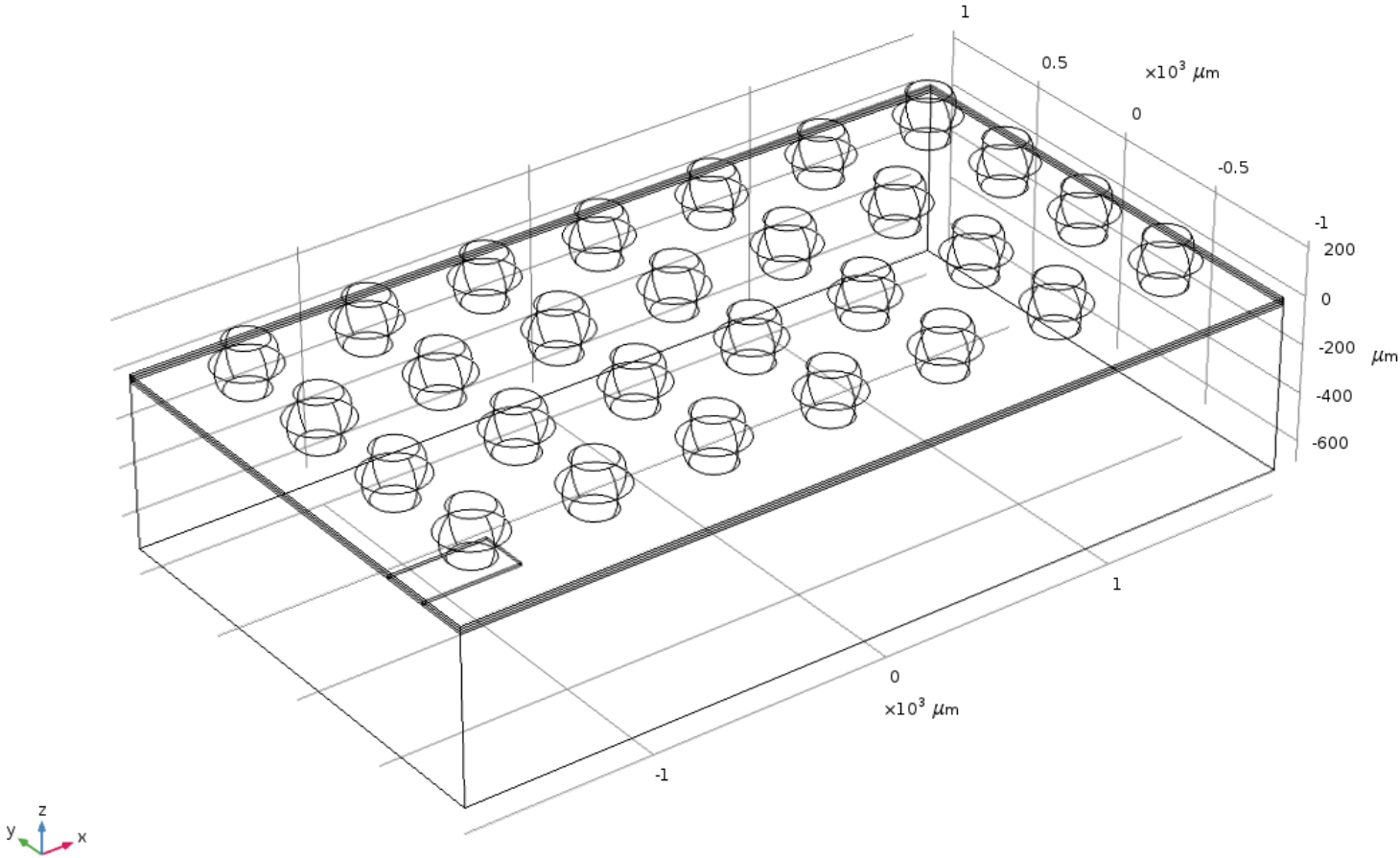


Thermal Model of EPC2053

Efficient Power Conversion Corporation

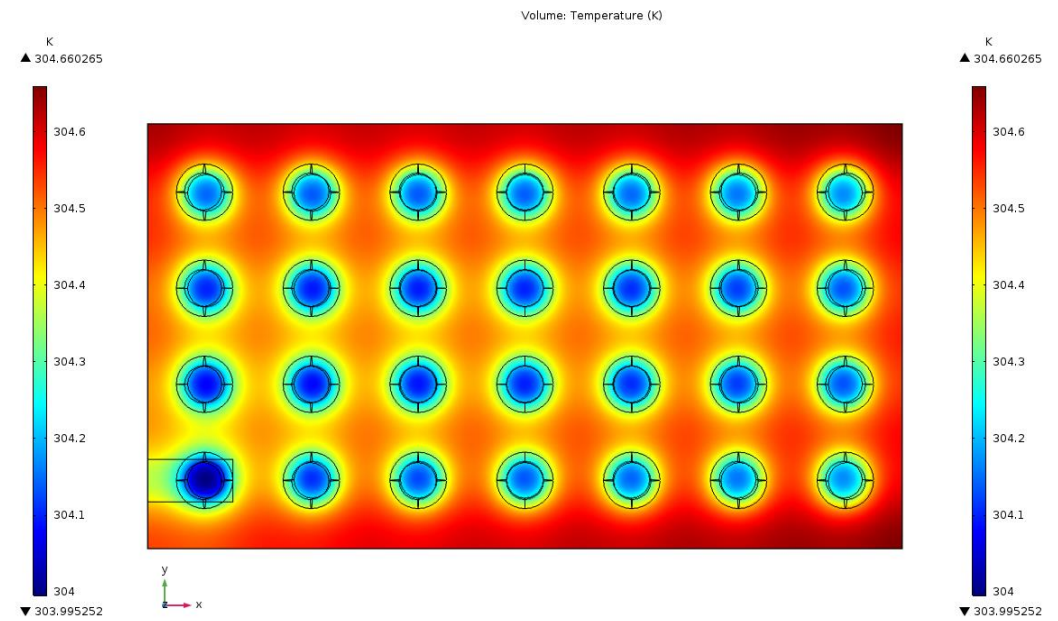
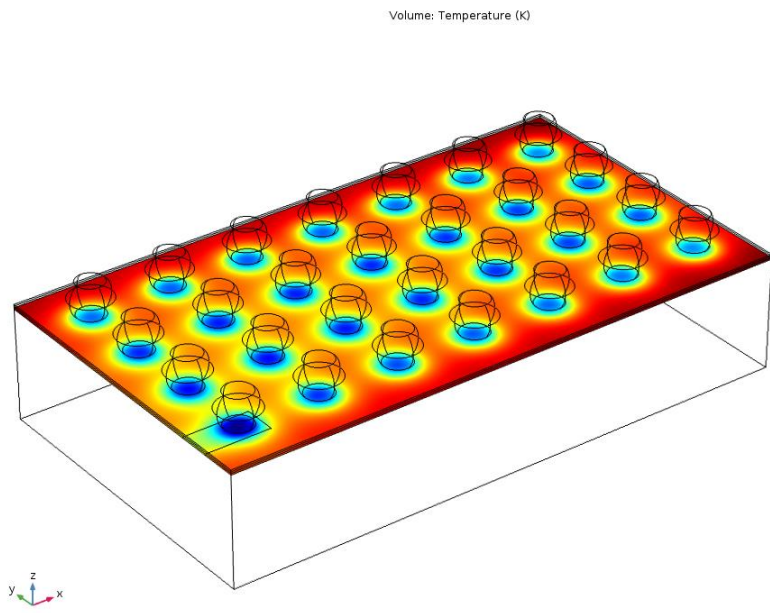
- The thermal model applies to EPC2053.
- A power dissipation of 1 W in the device active area is assumed.
- Finite element analysis (FEA) thermal simulations
 - $R_{\Theta JB}$ and $R_{\Theta JC}$ are obtained by stationary simulations.
 - $Z_{\Theta JB}$ and $Z_{\Theta JC}$ are obtained by transient simulations.
- R-C thermal model is generated.

EPC2053 device structure



Steady-state $R_{\Theta JB}$

Typical $R_{\Theta JB} = 4.7 \text{ }^\circ\text{C/W}$

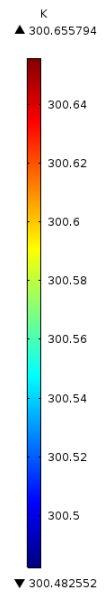
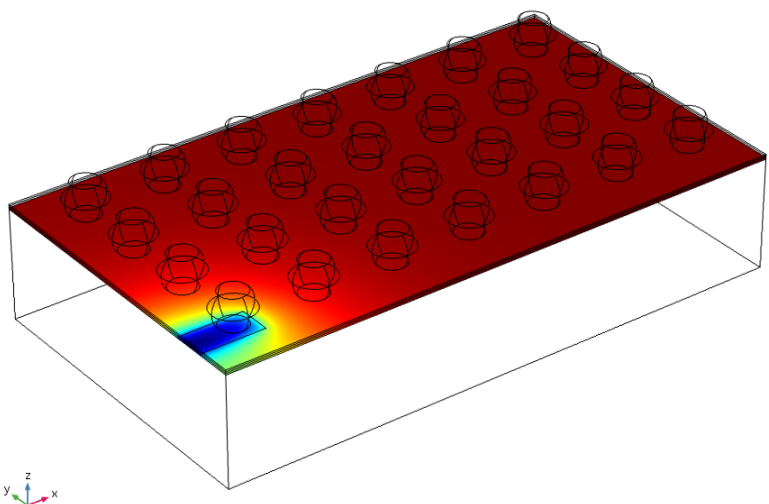


- Operating condition: Power = 1 W in the active area.
- Boundary condition: Temperature of top of solder bars set to be 300 K.

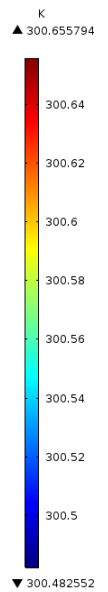
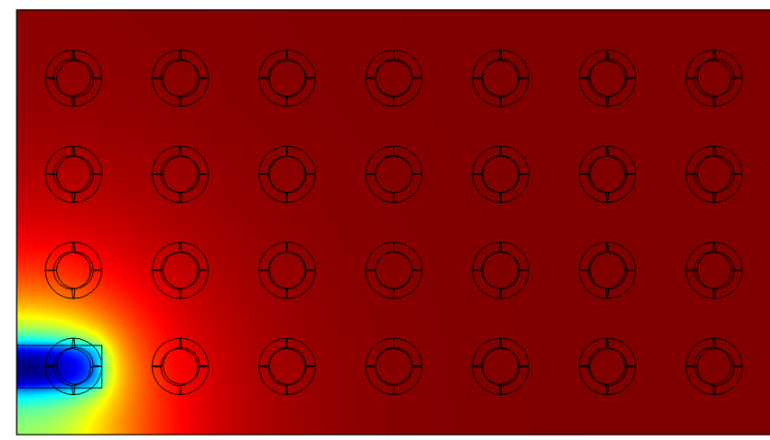
Steady-state $R_{\Theta JC}$

Typical $R_{\Theta JC} = 0.7 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C/W}$

Volume: Temperature (K)



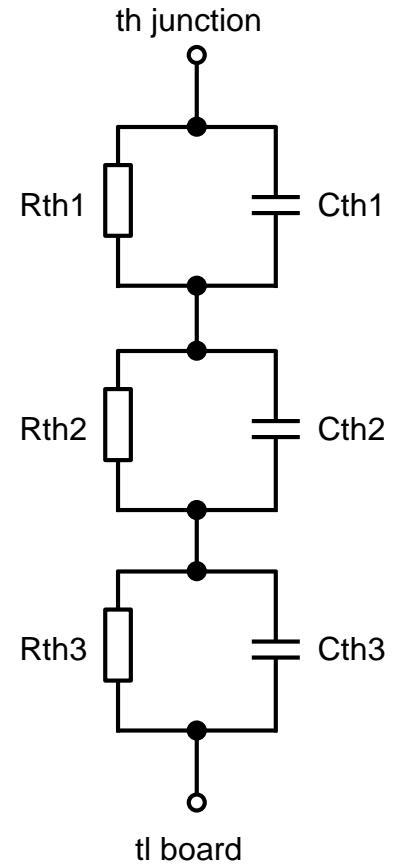
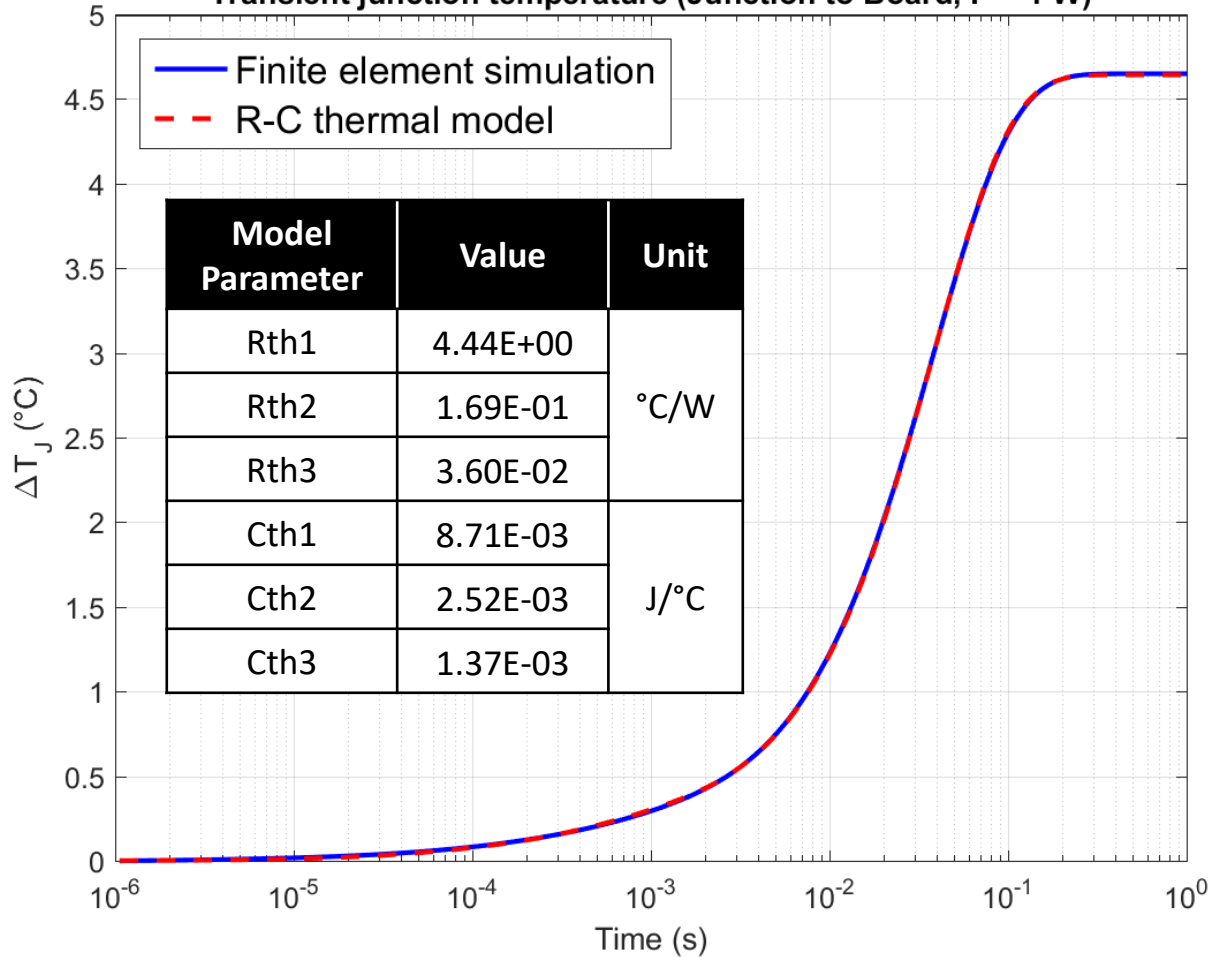
Volume: Temperature (K)



- Operating condition: Power = 1 W in the active area.
- Boundary condition: Temperature of bottom of the device backside set to be 300 K.

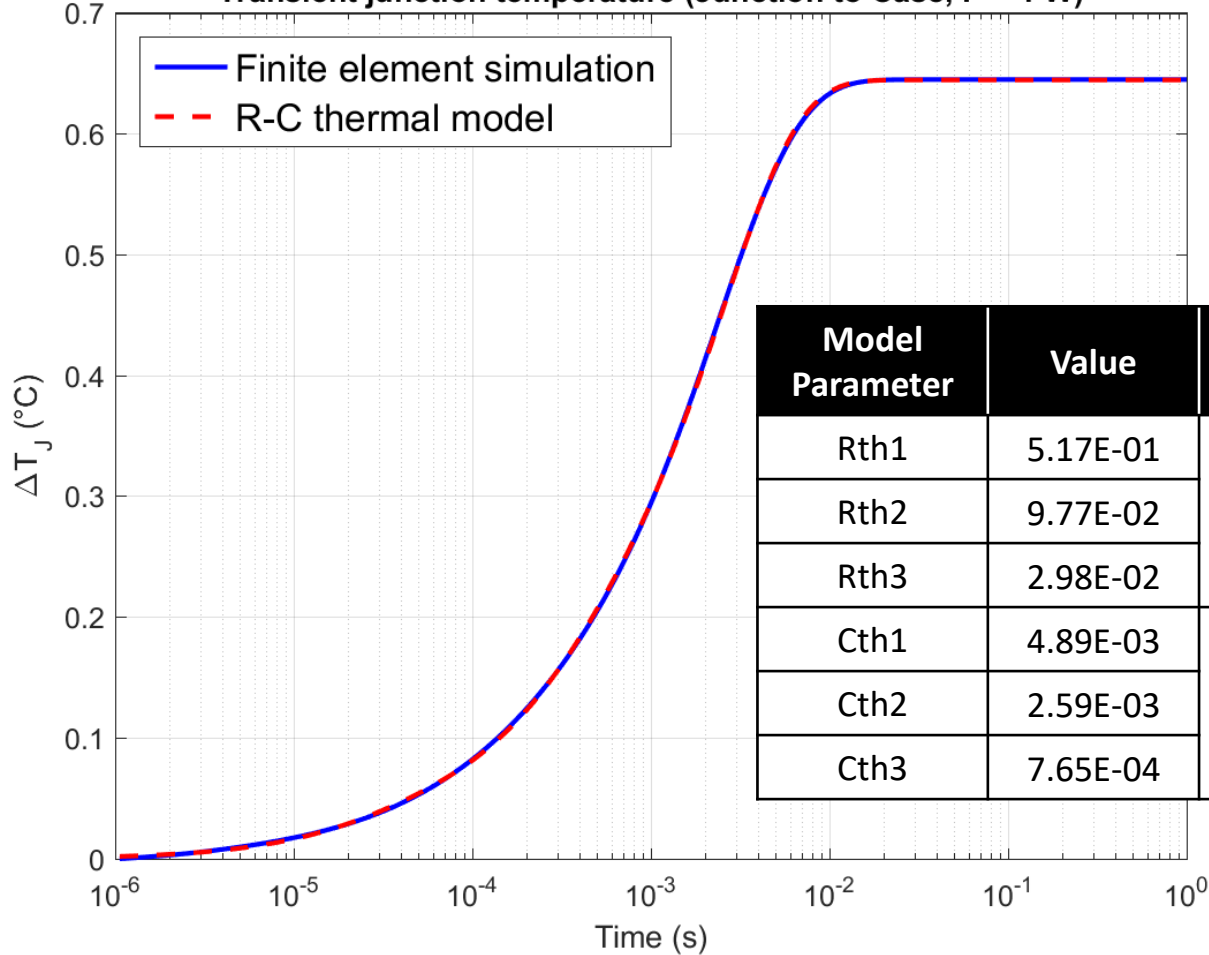
$Z_{\Theta JB}$ R-C thermal model

Transient junction temperature (Junction to Board, P = 1 W)

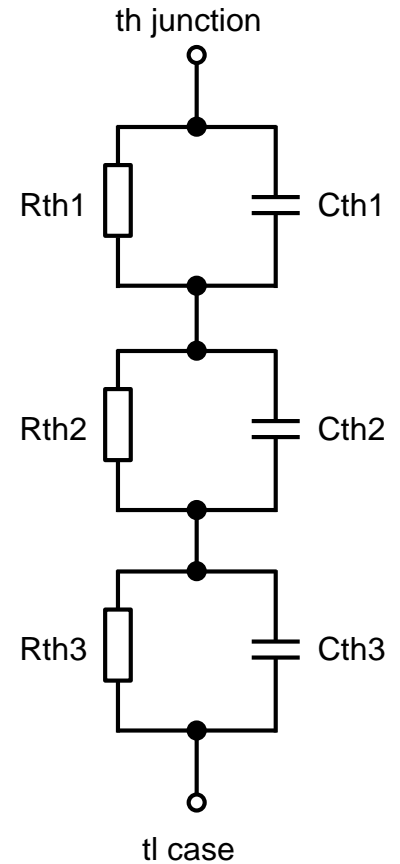


$Z_{\Theta JC}$ R-C thermal model

Transient junction temperature (Junction to Case, P = 1 W)



Model Parameter	Value	Unit
Rth1	5.17E-01	°C/W
Rth2	9.77E-02	
Rth3	2.98E-02	
Cth1	4.89E-03	J/°C
Cth2	2.59E-03	
Cth3	7.65E-04	





*The end of the
road for silicon...*

*but a clear road
ahead for GaN
FETs and ICs!*